



NUMBER :	NAME :	EXAM GRADE	
Rules to be Obeyed During the Exam SIGNATURE :		[.....]
1. Cell phones are not allowed to be used as a calculator or a watch. They must be switched off and placed in the pocket. 2. Brief information about the exam will be given at the beginning, then no one is not allowed to ask a question during the exam. 3. Do not to forget to sign this paper after writing your number and name.			

```
void reverseList(DoublyLinkedList* list,
                DoublyNode* hNext,
                DoublyNode* tPrev)
{
    if (hNext == tPrev) return;
    if (hNext->next == tPrev)
    {
        list->add(hNext, tPrev->elem, tPrev->score);
        list->remove(tPrev);
        return;
    }
    else
    {
        list->add(hNext, tPrev->elem, tPrev->score);
        tPrev = tPrev->prev;
        list->remove(tPrev->next);

        list->add(....., hNext->elem, hNext->score);
        hNext = hNext->next;
        list->remove(hNext->prev);

        reverseList(list, hNext, .....);
    }
}

void main()
{
    DoublyLinkedList* list = new
        DoublyLinkedList();
    list->insertOrdered("Paul", 720);
    list->insertOrdered("Rose", 590);
    list->insertOrdered("Anna", 660);
    list->insertOrdered("Mike", 1105);
    list->insertOrdered("Rob", 750);
    list->insertOrdered("Jack", 510);
    list->insertOrdered("Jill", 740);

    cout << "Reversed List :" << endl;

    reverseList(list,
                list->header->next,
                list->trailer->prev);

    list->printH2T();
}
```

1. Which of the following choices is the code of the lines of the function **reverseList()** that reverses the elements of a doubly linked list? (30P)

You'll loose 5P from wrong answer.

- (A) tPrev->next
tPrev->prev
- (B) tPrev
tPrev->next
- (C) tPrev->next
tPrev
- (D) tPrev
tPrev->prev
- (E) tPrev->prev
tPrev

```

void LinkedBinaryTree::traverse(Node* p)
{
    while (root != NULL)
    {
        while ((p->left != NULL) || (p->right != NULL))
        {
            if (p->left != NULL)
                p = p->left;
            else
                p = p->right;
        }

        cout << p->elt << endl;
        deleteNode(root, p->elt);

        p = root;
    }
}

```

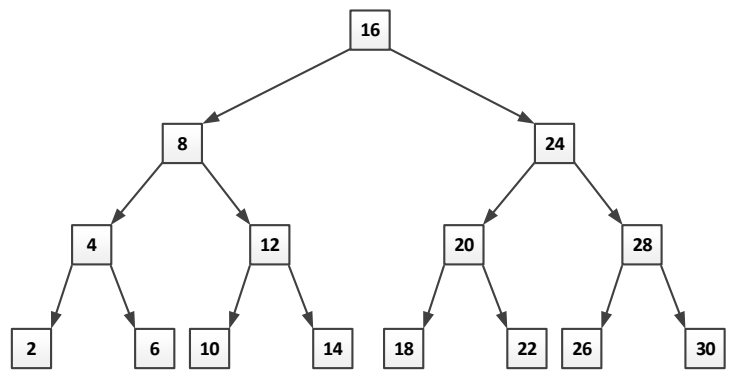
```

void main() // Output →
{
    LinkedBinaryTree binaryTree;

    binaryTree.addRoot();
    binaryTree.root->elt = 8;
    binaryTree.addBelowRoot(binaryTree.root, 4);
    binaryTree.addBelowRoot(binaryTree.root, 12);
    binaryTree.addBelowRoot(binaryTree.root, 2);
    binaryTree.addBelowRoot(binaryTree.root, 6);
    binaryTree.addBelowRoot(binaryTree.root, 10);
    binaryTree.addBelowRoot(binaryTree.root, 14);
    binaryTree.addBelowRoot(binaryTree.root, 1);
    binaryTree.addBelowRoot(binaryTree.root, 3);
    binaryTree.addBelowRoot(binaryTree.root, 5);
    binaryTree.addBelowRoot(binaryTree.root, 7);
    binaryTree.addBelowRoot(binaryTree.root, 9);
    binaryTree.addBelowRoot(binaryTree.root, 11);
    binaryTree.addBelowRoot(binaryTree.root, 13);
    binaryTree.addBelowRoot(binaryTree.root, 15);

    binaryTree.traverse(binaryTree.root);
}

```



3. Delete 16 from the 2-3-4 tree above. (35P)

2. a) What is the output of the program above? (20P)

b) Which tree traversal method is the output of the program equivalent to? (15P)

You'll loose 5P from wrong answer.

- (A) inorder
- (B) preorder
- (C) postorder

