



## CEVAPLAR

```
void traverse1(Node* v)
{
    if (v->left != NULL)    traverse1(v->left);
    else                    cout << v->elt << " ";
    if (v->right != NULL)   traverse1(v->right);
}

void traverse2(Node* v)
{
    if (v->left != NULL)    traverse2(v->left);
    if (v->right != NULL)   traverse2(v->right);
    else                    cout << v->elt << " ";
}

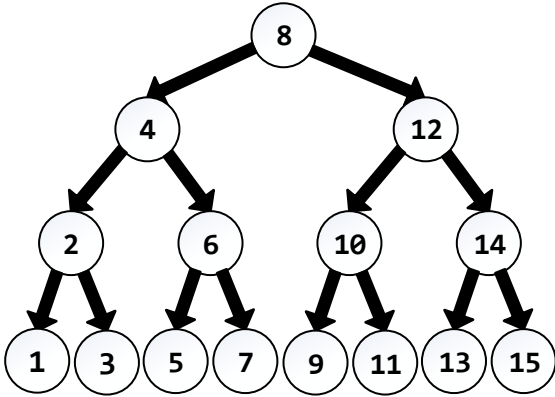
void traverse3(Node* v)
{
    if (v->left == NULL)    cout << v->elt << " ";
    else                    traverse3(v->left);
    if (v->right != NULL)   traverse3(v->right);
}

void traverse4(Node* v)
{
    if (v->left != NULL)    traverse4(v->left);
    if (v->right == NULL)   cout << v->elt << " ";
    else                    traverse4(v->right);
}
```

```
void traverse(Node* v)
{
    stack<Node*> stl_stack;
    Node* current = v;

    while (true)
    {
        if (current != NULL)
        {
            stl_stack.push(current);
            current = current->left;
        }
        else
        {
            if (stl_stack.empty())
            {
                return;
            }
            else
            {
                current = stl_stack.top();
                cout << current->elt << " ";
                stl_stack.pop();
                current = current->right;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

1. main()'de aşağıdaki ağacın rootu ile çağrıldığı varsayılan yukarıdaki fonksiyonların çıktıları nelerdir? (20P)



traverse1: **1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15**

traverse2: **1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15**

traverse3: **1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15**

traverse4: **1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15**

2. main()'de soldaki ağacın rootu ile çağrıldığı varsayılan traverse() fonksiyonunun çıktısı nedir? (30P)

**1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15**

```

void removeOrdered(const string& e, const int& i)
{
    if(head == NULL)
    {
        cout << "List is empty !" << endl; return;
    }

    if ((strcmp((char*)&head->elem, (char*)&e))
        && (head->score == i))
    {
        SinglyNode* temp = head;
        head = head->next;
        delete temp;
        return;
    }

    SinglyNode* current = head;

    while (current->next != NULL)
    {
        if ((strcmp((char*)&current->next->elem, (char*)&e))
            && (current->next->score == i))
        {
            SinglyNode* temp = current->next;
            current->next = current->next->next;
            delete temp;

            return;
        }

        current = current->next;
    }

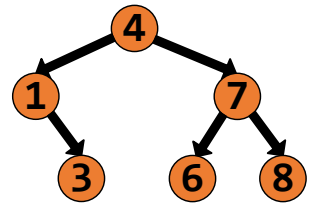
    if (current->next == NULL)
        cout << "\n" << e << " is not found" << endl;
}

```

3. removeOrdered() fonksiyonunu tamamlayınız. (25P)

İpucu → Silinecek eleman `current->next` 'tir.

Zig	(X:Sol)
Zig-Zig	(X:Sağ, P:Sağ)
Zig-Zig	(X:Sol, P:Sol)
Zig	(X:Sol)
Zig-Zig	(X:Sağ, P:Sağ)
Zig-Zag	(X:Sol, P:Sağ)
Zig-Zag	(X:Sağ, P:Sol)
Zig-Zag	(X:Sağ, P:Sol)



4. Yukarıdaki işlemlerle oluşturulan Splay Ağacına verilerin hangi sırada eklendiğini bulunuz. (25P)

